

# **Physical Education Curriculum**

### **Curriculum Intent for PE**

At Red Lane we believe that Physical Education is a fantastic opportunity to develop the whole child and that our children are entitled to a rich, broad and balanced PE curriculum. Through PE, children should develop not just physical skill and healthiness, but behaviour and attitudes that will benefit them throughout school life and beyond. From EYFS to Y6 we teach and build upon the fundamental movement skills required for a range of sports; we teach healthy participation and encourage our pupils to make positive choices when it comes to their health and fitness and we teach the rules, strategies and tactics needed for children to improve their performance.

### Children should:

- Experience and develop competence in a broad range of activities through curriculum PE time, including gymnastics, dance, games, outdoor Education, athletics, and swimming.
- Know how to stay fit, healthy, and active and enjoy doing so, choosing to engage in physical activity and sport in their own time.
- Learn to win and lose, support others and be supported, showing sportsmanship and good character.
- Work as part of a team towards a common goal as well as individually improving their performance.
- Be allowed to be creative in a range of activities.
- Play competitively, respecting officials and other players.
- Develop morally and culturally through diverse activities and opportunities.

### Develop the whole child through quality P.E. by:

- Strengthening thinking and decision-making skills.
- Lead healthy active lives.
- Building and increasing confidence and self-esteem.
- Developing character and resilience.
- Enhancing their commitment and desire to improve.
- Allowing opportunities for enjoyment, fun and pride.
- Fostering feelings of safety and security.





### **Teaching and Learning in PE: The Hands, Head and Heart**

At Red Lane the Hands, Head and Heart categories are applied across the curriculum to incorporate the 3 Pillars and the different types of knowledge.





- Acquiring, developing and performing physical skill
- Motor competance
- Locomotor skills
- Stability skills
- Manipulation skills



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### • Declaritive Knowledge

- Understanding and awarness of skills
- Recognising and applying rules and tactics
- Self / Peer reflection and assessment
- Changing performance to become more successful
- Written and verbalised understanding

# Heart

- Understanding the benifits to sport and activity
- Health and Wellbeing
- PSHCE objectives
- Team work and Cooperation
- Leadership



PE at Red Lane is taught using two main ideas of knowledge which are declarative (know what) and procedural (know how)

# **3 Pillars of Progression**

Motor Competence and Fundamental Movement (FMS)

Rules, Strategies and Tactics

**Healthy Participation** 



# Types of knowledge learnt

### Declaritive knowledge (Know what/ Know it)

Factual knowledge concerning movement, rules, tactics, strategies, health and participation. Best practiced through spoken or written observations of a practical demonstration.

### Procedural Knowledge (Know how/ Show it)

Knowing how to apply declarative facts. Best practiced through demonstration or participation.



# <u>Curriculum – Knowledge Progression Overview and Skills</u>

	A	utumn	S	oring	Summer		
	1	2	1	2	1	2	
Reception	FUNdamentals BoduManagement Gross Motor skills (- movement and balances)	FUNdamentals Manipulation and coordination ( Movement Hand eye/ foot eye coordination)	FUNdamentals Gymnastics EYFS	FUNdamentals (Speed and agility and travel) Rec Dance	FUNdamentals (Motor competence Pair games Cooperation and problem solving)	FUNdamentals (Motor Competenc Pair games Cooperation and problem solving)	
Year 1	FUNdamentals (Motor Competence – attack defence shoot)		EUNdamentals Gymnastics Y1	OAA (Problem solving-pairs)	Hit catch run <mark>Y1 Dance</mark>	Run jump throw (Athletics)	
Year 2	Attack defence shoot (Invasion- motor competence and basic rules strategies and tactics)		Gymnastics	Send and return (Hand eye coordination)	Hit catch run	Run jump throw (Athletics) Y2 Dance	
Year 3	Attack defence shoot (Sport specific rules skill, tactics- football/ dodgeball)		Gymnastics SWIMMING	OAA (Problem solving small groups)	Hit catch run (Rounders)	Run jump throw (Athletics) <mark>Y3 Dance</mark>	
Year 4	Attack defence shoot (Sport specific rules skill, tactics- netball/ dodgeball)		Gymnastics	Send and return (Sport specific)	Hit catch run (Cricket)	Run jump throw (Athletics)	
Year 5	Attack defence shoot (Sport specific rules skill, tactics- tag rugby/ dodgeball) Swimming		Gymnastics	OAA (Problem solving and perform under pressure)	Hit catch run (Rounders)	Run jump throw (Athletics) <mark>Y5 Dance</mark>	
Year 6	Swimming  Attack defence shoot  (Sport specific rules skill, tactics- handball/ dodgeball)		Gymnastics	Send and return (Sport specific)	Hit catch run (Cricket) <mark>OAA- Robin Wood</mark>	Run jump throw (Athletics) Y6 Dance	



All KS2 pupils also have access to the opportunities brought to them by our enrichment programme on a rota through the year.

KS2 – 2024 Enrichment Programme- Archery and Orienteering

Please note strands that run alternate years must link back to the content which was last taught and build towards the current year groups objectives.



# **EYFS**

			Progressio	n Overview			
Ball Skills	Dance	Fun and Games	Fitness	Me and Myself	Throwing and Catching	Movement Development	Working with others
<ul> <li>Understanding of safety and consideration of risk when using equipment</li> <li>Play in a group and collaborate play ideas with others.</li> <li>Take turns to share and begin to understand needs and support of others.</li> <li>Increase control when moving a large ball.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise that actions can be reproduced in time to music; beat patterns and different speeds.</li> <li>Perform a wide variety of dance actions both similar and contrasting.</li> <li>Copy, repeat, and perform simple movement patterns.</li> <li>Count and move to beats of 8.</li> <li>Copy and repeat movement patterns.</li> <li>Work as an individual, in partners, and as a group.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Run with coordination and skill.</li> <li>Adjust speed and direction to negotiate obstacles.</li> <li>Take turns to share and begin to understand needs and support of others.</li> <li>Show understanding of counting and moving at the same time.</li> <li>Play with enjoyment and freedom within defined rules.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improve agility, balance, coordination, strength and over all physical fitness.</li> <li>Teamwork.</li> <li>Develop jumping.</li> <li>Basic problem solving whilst playing.</li> <li>Balance as part of a team and individual.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ability to get changed.</li> <li>Play with enjoyment and freedom within defined rules.</li> <li>Converse with others.</li> <li>Run with coordination and skill.</li> <li>Adjust speed and direction to negotiate obstacles.</li> <li>Link sounds, letters and movements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Control when catching.</li> <li>Increased control when moving an object through pushing, throwing and rolling.</li> <li>Move with confidence and skill.</li> <li>Follow and respond to simple instructions and rules.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Travel with increased confidence.</li> <li>Move with safety and awareness.</li> <li>Move with skill and enjoyment.</li> <li>Adjust speed and direction to negotiate obstacles.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Play as a group or team.</li> <li>Take turns to share and begin to understand needs and support of others.</li> <li>Play whilst responding to others' instructions.</li> <li>Adjust speed and direction to negotiate obstacles.</li> </ul>
			Skills	Covered			
Kicking. Throwing. Aiming. Catching. Bouncing. Working in pairs to score points. Moving a ball around the body. Using body parts on a ball. Traveling with a ball. Basic dribbling with	Link colours to feelings. Explore animal movements and levels. Replicate actions in larger groups. Sequence work. Explore leader or follower work. Learning and repeating actions through	Balance obstacle course. Work with others to move through hoops. Reach, stretch, retrieve objects. Steps, strides, bounce, hop. Coordinate and control limbs. Run and jump in time to music. Agility, balance,	Link colours and numbers in games. Fast feet. Running on toes. Quick reactions. 2 feet jumping. Running and jumping. Finding and moving into space. Controlled movements such as crawling. Jumping.	Getting changed into full kits. Organizing own belongings. Getting back into uniforms. Quickness. Throwing and catching with others. Using communication to throw and catch. 2 hand catching. Throwing and	Moving into space. Quick moving. Hand eye coordination. Small and large ball work. Throwing. Catching. Rolling. Stopping. Bouncing. Continuous bouncing. Using the body to control a ball. Listening and	Agility in variety of games. Recognise and follow instructions. Experiment with starting and stopping positions. Perform fast and slow movements. Show control to stop and perform actions. Play games, take	Throwing. Catching. Passing. Moving as teams. Kicking, Rolling. Dribbling. Working together and cooperating. Speaking to others and sharing. Simple problem solving. Counting and recognising words and numbers in



hands and feet. Stopping
and controlling a ball.
Throwing a ball to others
or targets. Underarm
throwing. 2 handed
catches. Inside of the foo
kicking. Simple dribbling.

circle dance. Perform to the count of 8. Copy and repeat actions. Perform a themed dance motif. coordination. Perform basic actions with others. Combine basic skills to play games.

Skipping running and walking.
Moving like animals.
Moving to music.
Balancing using body parts. Agility, balance and coordination.

kicking to a target.
Finding and moving into space. Running on toes.
Simple changes of direction.

instruction games.
Passing with partners.
Aiming

turns. Move by inching, crawling & jumping. Jump for speed and distance.

team games. Agility, balance and coordination with a variety of equipment such as quoits, hoops, balls and beanbags.

	Key Vocabulary						
Collect. Bounce.	Teamwork. Music.	Look. Listen. Talk.	Jumping. Balance.	Uniform. Pants.	Throw. Catch.	Control. Flow.	Throw. Catch.
Games. Count. Pass.	Movement. Count.	Hear. Tidy. Together.	Weave. Healthy.	Jumper. Shirt. Shoes.	Watch. Aim. Target.	Coordination. Slow.	Watch. Aim. Ready.
High. Low. Hands.	Together. Counting.	Count. Direction.	Speed. Fast. Slow.	Kit. Trainers. Pumps.	Ready. Roll. Bounce.	Fats. Low. High.	Target. Help. Share.
Feet. Safe. Height.	Create. Ideas.	Play. Win.	Dodge. Zig zag. Land.	Shorts. Bag. Table.	Count. Help. Team.	Aware. See. Move.	Count. Wait. Talk.
Send. Roll. Kick.	Dance. Impression.		Safe. Space. Strong.	Listen. Organize.	Partner. Hands.	Space. Crate. Run.	Listen.
Catch. Throw.	Mirror. Character.		Exercise. Quick.	Speed. On. Off.	Eyes. Watch.	Jog. Walk. Speed.	

### Links to Early Learing Goals

Personal, Social and Emotional Development – Show resilience and perseverance. Think about the perspective of others. Know and talk about the aspects that affect their overall health, such as regular exercise and healthy eating. Physical Development – Revise and refine fundamental movement skills such as rolling and jumping. Develop overall agility, balance, coordination a strength. Develop small motor skills. Use their core muscle strength. Combine different movements with ease and fluency. Confidently and safely use small and large apparatus. Develop ball skills such as throwing for accuracy. Communication and Language – Listen attentively and respond, participate in discussions, express ideas, and feelings.

Understanding the World – Draw information from a simple map. Describe what they see, hear and feel outside. Expressive Arts and Design – Perform and try to move in time with music, move and talk about music. Watch and talk about dance. Develop storylines.



# <u>Attack Defend Shoot – Knowledge Progression Overview</u>

### Hands

 Use basic skills and movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching.

Year 1

- Apply basic skills and movements in competitive and cooperative activities.
- Refine body control using agility, balance, and coordination.

### Head

- Apply simple strategies and tactics for attacking and defending.
- Recognise simple rules and use them in competitive and cooperative games.

### Heart

- Follow simple rules and cooperate well with others.
- Explain why we enjoy exercise.

### Hands

Refine basic skills showing increased consistency.

Year 2

- Send and receive with both hands and feet.
- Refine different ways to control bodies and a range of equipment.
- Link combinations of skills (e.g. dribbling and passing).

#### Head

- Recognise and recall combinations of skills.
- Select and apply a range of simple tactics.
- Recognise good skill in others with basic reasoning (e.g. who is the best and why? Fast. Good catching...)

### Heart

- Use teamwork to complete objectives and games.
- Communicate to build attacking and defensive play.

### Hands

 Show basic invasion games skills in isolation that stem from running, jumping, throwing and catching.
 (e.g. bounce pass, chest pass).

Year 3

- Build attacking play.
- Use space effectively.
- Show basic skills to maintain possession.
- Show basic control and accuracy when sending and receiving.
- Show refined motor skill to use implements and equipment (e.g. hockey sticks).

### Head

- Follow basic rules of modified games.
- Use tactics to build attacking play.
- Self-assess. Understand basic strengths and areas for improvement of own performance.

#### Heart

Link skills to perform as a team.

### <u>Hands</u>

 Show increased confidence and consistency in invasion games skills such as dribbling, throwing and shooting in controlled environment. (e.g. drills involving opposing pressure to block/2v1. Not full gameplay)

Year 4

- Link these basic skills more fluidly.
- Show a wider range of Handling skills.
- Show passing and moving when attacking.
- Use skills such as marking to defend.
- Pass over longer distances.
- Demonstrate increased speed and agility when needed during gameplay.
   Head
- Show an understanding of specific invasion rules (e.g. footwork).
- Use a small range of tactics in a competitive situation.
- Self-assess. Evaluate strengths and areas for

### <u>Hands</u>

 Select and apply the appropriate skills in game situations.

Year 5

- Combine more specific skills with confidence. (e.g. turning and dribbling while keeping possession)
- Show increased ability to perform skills at speed.
- Show Increased power and accuracy when sending and receiving the ball in a variety of situations.
- Show strength, agility and coordination when defending.

### Head

- Select and apply a range of tactics and techniques and apply with consistency.
- To play effectively in a variety of positions and formations on the pitch.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement).

### Heart

• Show effective teamwork when attacking and

### **Hands**

 Deliberately apply aspects of fitness to the game such as power, strength, agility and coordination.

Year 6

- Perform more technical aspects of the game.
- Combine and perform more complex skills at speed in games.
- Perform more specific skills with high consistency and success in competitive situations. (e.g. turning and dribbling while keeping possession)

### Head

- Select and implement a wider range of strategies to play defensively and offensively.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement) and compare similarities and differences between players and teams.
- Use set plays in game situation and explain when and why they are used.



	EVE+SUCCEED		
Reflect on own	improvement, and how to	defending through	<u>Heart</u>
performance in simple	correct them.	communication.	<ul> <li>Suggest, plan and lead</li> </ul>
terms.	<u>Heart</u>	Take individual	simple drills for given skills.
	• Demonstrate a moderate	responsibility for your role	Organise effectively as a
	level of endurance and	in a team.	team between defence
	fitness.		and attack.
	Work and communicate		
	well as part of a team (e.g.		
	when passing and moving)		



# **Attack Shoot Defend – Skills Covered**

Year 1

# Year 2

### Year 3

### Year 4

### Year 5

## Year 6

Send to targets. Catch and intercept. Bounce ball to self. Defend a target. Attack and defend as a pair. Communicate with partner. Compete in a basic tournament 2v2.

Kick with inside of foot and stop ball with feet. Control a ball. Bounce the ball to send it. Bounce a ball to begin to dribble. Throw/send a variety of equipment. Pass and move. Intercepting in a game. Play goalkeeper. **General** - Dribbling, passing in pairs. Defensive positioning. Building an attack. Finding space to receive the ball. Shot, pass, dribble theory.

**Basketball** – Jump Ball, 2 handed shot. Defensive body position.

**Football** – Using inside and outside of foot, trapping. **Hockey** – Using flat side of stick. Close control, preparing to tackle.

**Handball** – Catching ready position. Move correctly with the ball. Attacking formations. Effective hand grip.

**Lacrosse** – Underarm and overarm throw. Groundball collection. Shot, pass and run.

Netball – Chest, shoulder and bounce pass. Role of goal shooter. Dodging to get free. Collecting a loose ball. Tag Rugby – Ball handling. Running past defenders. Evading taggers and tag protocol. **General** – Passing over longer distances, use some marking technique and introduce some defending principles.

**Basketball** - Use footwork rules, explore basic marking, crossover dribble, bounce pass, jump shot, triple threat position.

**Football** – Dribbling in different directions, defensive tackling, front of player and goal side marking.

**Hockey** – Push pass, slap pass, straight dribble, stopping and turning with the ball.

Handball – Protecting the ball, basic shooting, 3-man weave, turn on the move, 7m throw.

Lacrosse – Following your pass, maintain unopposed possession, short range shooting, receive and turn.

Netball – Protecting the ball, basic shooting, playing within 3rds, 1to1 marking, pivoting, preliminary moves.

Tag Rugby – Picking up and running with ball correct.

Tag Rugby – Picking up and running with ball, correct ball carrying position, keeping possession.

**General** – Combine basic skills with confidence such as dribbling and shooting. Select and apply appropriate skills in a game situation.

**Basketball** – Block, forward pivot, forward pass, push pass, boxing out.

**Football** – Turning with the ball, running with ball, keeping possession, step over.

Hockey – Block tackle, passing in the D, sweep shot, dragging the ball. Handball – Jump shot, closing angles, pivoting to pass, set plays.

Netball – Effective bounce pass in game, use a greater variety of dodging skills, pivot and pass, 2 handed shooting.

Tag Rugby – Tagging opposition, when to run and when to pass into space, deny space to opposition, pop pass, magic diamond formation, 3 step and pass technique.

General – Compare performances. Comprehend and show why player with the ball should keep moving or be ready to pass quickly. Basketball – Fast break, retreat dribble, free throw rules, L-cut, v-cut, Pin down. Football – Setting up others to shoot, deny space, role of covering defender, penalty shooting, goal keeping, close control knee, chest.

Hockey – Shooting from close range, long corners, goal side marking, self-pass rule, channelling the opposition.

Handball – Screening, organisation around the D, dribbling with precision in game, utilising space.

Netball – Double bounce rule, marking to pass or shoot, organisation around the D, rebounds as attacker and defender, knocking the ball away.

Tag rugby – Set play for attacking, take the distance not the time, spaces not faces.



# **Attack Shoot Defend – Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links**

KS1 LKS2 UKS2

### Vocabulary

Shooting. Hoops. Goals. Bounce. Score. Teamwork. Passing. Dribbling. Catch. Soul. Control. Push pass. Stick. Roll. In line. Aim. Accuracy. Tag. Tag belt. Space. Attack. Defend. Try. Dodge. React. Speed. Throw.

# Vocabulary

Shooting. Hoops. Goals. Bounce. Score. Teamwork. Passing. Dribbling. Catch. Soul. Control. Push pass. Stick. Roll. In line. Aim. Accuracy. Tag. Tag belt. Space. Attack. Defend. Try. Dodge. React. Speed. Chest pass. Net. Possession. Throw. Deflect. Overarm. Turning. Saving. Blocking. Tackle. Pivot. Bounce pass. Shadow. Mark.

### Vocabulary

Speed. Dodge. Positioning. Catch. Overarm. Underarm throw. Bounce. Side shot. Target. Strike. Roll. Deflect. Dribbling. Passing. Shoot. Chest pass. Space. Possession. Score. Bounce pass. Attack. Defend. Intercept. Block. Dummy. Turn. Save. Tackle. Pivot. Lob. Receive. Support. Shadow. Mark. Rebound.

### **Curriculum links**

Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.

Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.

### **Curriculum links**

Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination.

Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.

Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

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Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination.

Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.

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# <u>Athletics – Knowledge Progression Overview</u>

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>
•	Pupils will begin to link	<ul> <li>Develop power, agility,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Control movements and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop different ways of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop a range of more</li> </ul>	Become confident and
	running and jumping.	coordination and balance	body actions in response	running, jumping and	complex techniques.	consistent in a range of
•	To learn and refine a range	over a variety of activities.	to specific instructions.	throwing for different	<ul> <li>Sustain pace over short</li> </ul>	more complex techniques
	of running which includes	<ul> <li>Can throw and handle a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Demonstrate agility and</li> </ul>	events and activities.	and longer distances such	and recognise their
	varying pathways and	variety of objects including	speed.	<ul> <li>Understand how different</li> </ul>	as running 100m and	success.
	speeds.	quoits, beanbags, balls,	<ul> <li>Jump for height and</li> </ul>	objects are best thrown.	running for 2 minutes.	<ul> <li>Apply strength and</li> </ul>
•	Develop throwing	hoops.	distance with control and	<ul> <li>Using a variety of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Able to run as part of a</li> </ul>	flexibility to a broad range
	techniques to send objects	<ul> <li>Can negotiate obstacles</li> </ul>	balance.	equipment, ways of	relay team working at their	of throwing, running and
	over long distances.	showing increased control	<ul> <li>Throw with speed and</li> </ul>	measuring and timing.	maximum speed.	jumping activities.
•	Develop agility, balance,	of body and limbs.	power and apply	<u>Head</u>	<ul> <li>Perform a range of jumps</li> </ul>	<u>Head</u>
	and coordination through	<ul> <li>Improve running and</li> </ul>	appropriate force.	<ul> <li>Investigate in small groups</li> </ul>	and throws demonstrating	<ul> <li>Accurately and confidently</li> </ul>
	taking part in activities.	jumping movements, work	<u>Head</u>	different ways of	increasing power and	measure and time keep for
	<u>Head</u>	for sustained periods of	• Self-assess. Understand	performing activities.	accuracy.	both track and field
•	Recognise simple rules.	time.	basic strengths and areas	<ul> <li>Comparing the</li> </ul>	<u>Head</u>	events.
•	Begin to identify the needs	<ul> <li>Improve jumping for</li> </ul>	for improvement of own	effectiveness of different	<ul> <li>Use peer assessment to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use peer assessment to</li> </ul>
	for different speed and	distance and height.	performance.	styles of runs, jumps and	help others improve	help others improve
	power.	<u>Head</u>	<ul> <li>Understand the basics of</li> </ul>	throws.	(strengths and areas for	(strengths and areas for
•	Spot who/what is best and	<ul> <li>Reflect on own</li> </ul>	how events are scored.	<ul> <li>Self-assess. Evaluate</li> </ul>	improvement).	improvement) and
	why in basic terms.	performance in simple	<u>Heart</u>	strengths and areas for	<u>Heart</u>	compare similarities and
	<u>Heart</u>	terms.	Work well independently	improvement, and how to	<ul> <li>Compete as part of a team.</li> </ul>	differences between other
•	Increase stamina and core	<ul> <li>Peer asses. Spot good</li> </ul>	and with others to referee	correct them.		children.
	strength needed to	performances by others	and judge simple activities.	<u>Heart</u>		<u>Heart</u>
	undertake athletics	and explain in simple		<ul> <li>Work as teams to</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Work in collaboration and</li> </ul>
	activities.	terms.		experiment and problem		demonstrate improvement
•	Cooperate with others to	<u>Heart</u>		solve.		when working with self
	carry out more complex	<ul> <li>Reflect on activities and</li> </ul>				and others.
	tasks.	make connections				
		between a healthy active				
		lifestyle.				



# <u>Athletics – Skills Covered</u>

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Starting and stopping at speed. Show power in run, use arms. Take off on two feet. Use leading arm to throw. Compete in relay teams. Perform agile movements. Work for sustained periods of time. Negotiate obstacles. Jumping and bounding. Run from different starting positions.	Aware of others when running in space. Create more power with legs and apply to agility test. Select best throw for conditioned games. Perform some static and dynamic balances. Explore their emotions around different challenges. Attempt more accuracy in throws. Perform under pressure. Explore breathing techniques.	Combination jumps. Recognising and performing different paced runs. Approaching hurdles. Pull action when throwing. Skipping technique. Recording scores accurately.	Aiming at targets. Accelerating over short distances. Taking off from run with one foot to increase distance. Sling action when throwing. Perform baton exchanges.	Prepare to run an individual leg. Develop further the principles of pace. Steeplechase and jump for distance. Push action when throwing. Baton exchange within restricted area. Run up for long jump.	Sprint start techniques. Developing the phases of triple jump to jump for distance. Use the heave throw technique. Assess own ability in running tasks. Scissor jump preparation for high jump. Quad track and field competition.

# **Athletics – Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links**

KS1	LKS2	UKS2	
<u>Vocabulary</u> Throwing. Running. Jumping. Personal best. Speed. Competition. Races. Distance. Measuring.	Vocabulary Throwing. Running. Jumping. Personal best. Speed. Competition. Races. Distance. Measuring. Timing. Movement. Technique. Coordination.	Vocabulary Pace. Jumping. Throwing. Coordination. Measurements. Timing. Movement. Technique	
Curriculum links  Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.	Curriculum links Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Curriculum links Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	



# <u>Dance – Knowledge Progression Overview</u>

# Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4

### Hands

- Respond to a range of stimuli and types of music.
- Explore space, direction, levels and speeds.
- Experiment creating actions and performing movements with different body parts.
- Compose and link actions to make simple movement phases.

### **Head**

- Able to build simple movement patterns from given actions.
- Respond appropriately to supporting concepts such as canon and levels.
- Spot what/who is best and why in basic terms.

### **Heart**

 Work well and cooperate in small groups.

### Hands

- Perform basic actions with control and consistency at different speeds and on different levels.
- Perform using more sophisticated formations as well as an individual.
- Use the stimuli to copy, repeat and create dance actions and motifs.
- Explore relationships through different dance formations.

### Head

- Describe and explain how performers can transition and link shapes and balances.
- Explain the importance of emotion and feeling in dance.
- Work as part of a group to create and perform short movement sequences to music.
- Peer asses. Spot good performances by others and explain in simple terms.

### Heart

- Challenge themselves to move imaginatively responding to music.
- Work as part of a group to create and perform.

### Hands

- Practise different sections of a dance aiming to put together a performance.
- Perform using facial expressions.
- Perform with a prop.
- Build basic creative choreography skills in travelling, dynamics and partner work through a specific topic/theme (e.g. oceans).
- Delve deeper into opposing dynamics.

### Head

- Building improvisation skills to build a narrative around a theme.
- Self-assess. Understand basic strengths and areas for improvement of own performance.

### Heart

 Show confidence in performing on own or with a partner.

### Hands

- Work to include freeze frames in routines.
- Practise and perform a variety of different formations in dance.
- Use dynamic quality and formations to communicate character.
- Concentrate on one simple theme throughout and linking all activities to the communication of this to an audience.

### Head

- Develop a dance to perform as a group with a set starting position.
- Develop choreography and devising skills in relation to a theme.
- Self-assess. Evaluate strengths and areas for improvement, and how to correct them.

### **Heart**

- Show teamwork and leadership when working as a group.
- Take reasonability for own part in a team.

### Hands

 Perform different styles of dance fluently and clearly.

Year 5

 Refine & improve dances adapting them to include the use of space rhythm & expression.

### Head

- Recognise and comment on dances suggesting ideas for improvement.
- Develop choreography and devising skills in relation to a theme.
- Show confidence in linking all activities to the communication of a theme to an audience.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement).

### Heart

 Worked collaboratively in groups to compose simple dances.

#### Hands

Perform more complex compositional ideas.

Year 6

- Demonstrating narrative through contact and relationships.
- Showing tension through pattern and formation.
   Head
- Develop motifs and incorporate into selfcomposed dances as individuals, pairs and groups.
- Talk about different styles of dance with understanding, using appropriate language & terminology.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement) and compare similarities and differences between other children.

### Heart

 Work collaboratively to include more complex compositional ideas.



# **Dance – Knowledge Skills Covered**

Vaar	1	
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# Year 2

# Year 3

# Year 4

### Year 5

# Year 6

Exploring storytelling through dance. Use a theme to create a dance. Develop actions to express friendship. Dance with start middle and end. Perform with feeling. Perform actions to nursery rhymes. March in time. Move and turn as a group. Perform simple canon and in rounds.

Dance in solo and duet.
Explore creative footwork.
Discuss how a dance can develop. Respond to visual stimulus. Comment on contrasting actions. Use a specific theme to develop a dance. Perform 'freestyle' moves. Perform a motif to music. Explore movement pathways.

Perform a jazz square.
Perform 2 contrasting
characters. Communicate
ideas as part of a group. Use
a prop in a 4-action dance
phrase. Discuss examples of
professional work. Create
our own floor patterns.
Create longer dance phrases
by linking shorter ones.
Introduce start and endings
to dances. Perform in solo,
duet and group. Apply
feedback to improve own
performance.

Develop dance freeze frames. Perform a slide and roll. Replicate a set phrase. Work collaboratively to sequence movements. Create a 5-action routine. Use formations to tell a story. Perform without prompts. Use devices to manipulate movements. Perform contact work as a group. Identify strengths in their performance.

Perform locomotor and nonlocomotory movements in a dance phrase. Describe the key features of line dancing. Work collaboratively in a group of 4. Use basic knowledge of line dancing steps to create own line dance. Copy and perform a specific dance action to communicate a theme. Communicate the idea of a hero. Copy and execute a high energy jump sequence. Create a low-level attack sequence.

Explore space in a deeper way in relation to dance. Identify appropriate dynamics and group formations for the Hakka. Perform some basic street dance skills. Compose a street dance performance. Create a phrase of gestures that communicate a theme. Describe the meaning/purpose of several different devices. Show formations that create tension and relationships. Create and perform a live aural setting.

# <u>Dance – Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links</u>

KS1	LKS2	UKS2
<u>Vocabulary</u> Canon. Teamwork. Smart. Neat. Performance. Movement. Express. Phase.	Vocabulary Canon. Teamwork. Smart. Neat. Performance. Movement. Express. Phase. Routine. Tutting. Beat of 8. Count. Choreography. Fluency.	Vocabulary Routine. Music. Movement. Co-ordination. Performance. Tutting. Canon. Unison. Fluency. Choreography
Curriculum links  Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.  Perform dances using simple movements and patterns.	Curriculum links  Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control, and balance.  Perform dances using a range of movement patterns.	Curriculum links Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control, and balance. Perform dances using a range of movement patterns.



# Send and Return - Knowledge Progression Overview

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>
<ul> <li>Able to send an object with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Be able to track the path</li> </ul>	Begin to develop basic	• Use different shots with	<ul> <li>Use different types of</li> </ul>	• Develop a wider range of
increased confidence using	of a ball over a net and	sport specific skills.	both the forehand and	serves in-game.	shots.
hand or bat.	move towards it.	Serve to begin a game.	backhand.	Demonstrate new shots	Play with fluency with a
<ul> <li>Move towards a moving</li> </ul>	Begin to hit and return a	<ul> <li>Explore forehand hitting.</li> </ul>	Become more confident	learnt in games.	partner in both singles and
ball to return it.	ball using hands and	Play with some	and consistent in the basic	Play with others to score	doubles/partner scenarios.
Sending and returning a	racquets with some	understanding of modified	sport specific skills.	and defend points in	• Become more proficient at
variety of balls/objects	consistency.	court houndaries	Demonstrate different	competitive games.	backhand shots.

beachballs. • Track, intercept and stop a variety of objects such as balls and beanbags.

such as balloons and

- Apply basic skills to beat the opposition. Head
- Choose basic skills to beat the opposition.
- Spot what/who is best and why in basic terms.
- Heart
- Work well as an individual to show sportsmanship.

- Play modified net/wall games throwing, catching and sending over a net.
- Improve agility and coordination and use in a game.

### Head

- Be able to make it difficult for their opponent to score a point.
- Begin to choose specific tactics appropriate to the situation.
- Peer asses. Spot good performances by others and explain in simple terms.

### Heart

 Show resilience when working as an individual.

### Head

- Identify and describe some rules of net/wall games.
- Show some understanding of the modified court boundaries.
- Self-assess. Understand basic strengths and areas for improvement of own performance.

### Heart

• Work well as part of a team to complete a game objective.

- net/wall skills.
- Practise some trick shots in isolation.
- Develop returning a serve.
- Demonstrate different court positions in gameplay.

### Head

- · Understand different court positions.
- Start to implement basic vollev2s rules.
- Self-assess. Evaluate strengths and areas for improvement, and how to correct them.

### Heart

 Understand the rules enough to lead or umpire a simple game.

- competitive games.
- Move confidently around the playing area using footwork techniques.
- Begin to perform Volley shots and Overhead shots. Head
- Understand more specific Tennis service rules.
- Develop further ways of playing with others cooperatively and in competition through tactics.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement).
- Understand more specific Tennis service rules.

### Heart

- Understand individual role as part of a team game.
- Develop further ways of playing with others cooperatively and in competition.

### Head

- Begin to select and apply more sophisticated tactics such as net play, and offensive and defensive positioning.
- Begin to use full scoring systems.
- Continue developing doubles play and tactics to improve.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement) and compare similarities and differences between other children.

### Heart

- Become more confident in playing as part of a team.
- Show good communication skills during gameplay.



# Send and Return - Skills Covered

### Year 1

Sliding and receiving a ball/beanbag. Explore different ways of sending a ball. Moving towards and returning balls. Scoring points against opposition. Attempt to hit a ball. Basic rally with slow moving objects (balloon). Feeding the ball over a net. Track balls. Develop core strength to send objects from a sitting, kneeling, and standing position.

## Year 2

Identify the dominant and non-dominant side. Use basic serving rules in a game. Able to self-feed a ball to a partner using a racquet. Develop agility in isolated challenges. Develop the ready position to receive a ball. Play a variety of roles in a simple game. Throw into space to make it difficult for opponent to return. Play out a point from a serve.

### Year 3

Badminton – Use hard and soft hits. Hit using direction. Return a shuttle. Play using forehand shots, playing to boundaries. Rally with a partner. Send and return over a net. Serve using the forehand.

Tennis – Ready position.
Hot to different areas of

court. Perform a forehand shot. Move towards the ball to return. Serve with some accuracy to targets.

Sitting volleyball – Ready position. Seated movement.

Sitting volleyball – Ready position. Seated movement. Overarm seated serve. Team contacts.

# Year 4

**Badminton** – Underarm forehand shot. Overhead/clearance shot. Introducing backhand. Practice racquet handling skills with trick shots. Explain different scoring scenarios. Developing singles play. Tennis – Correct position to return balls. Consistently send forehand to targets. Introduce backhand. Work cooperatively to score points in simple doubles play. Volleyball - Rainbow pass. 3 contacts. Ready position and smooth movement. Moving

# Year 5

**Badminton** – Moving

opposition around court.
Perform forehand long and short serves. Use close control. Develop reaction time.

Tennis – Volley shots.
Clearing from the back of court. Different positioning

court. Different positioning for doubles games.
Approach the ball and forehand and backhand.
Conditioned games to encourage using different shot types.

# Year 6

Badminton – Drop and smash shot. Drop shot and recover. Use quick reactions for confident net play.
Offensive court positioning. Defensive formations for doubles.

Tennis - Introduce the lob. Communication in doubles play. Two handed backhand shot. Use full rules for modified tennis games. Use doubles tactics and court positioning effectively in competition.

# <u>Send and return – Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links</u>

# KS1

### **Vocabulary**

Racket. Low. High. Balance. Ball control. Score. Position. Movement. Aim. Accuracy. Roll. Send. Throw. Bounce. Catch. Underarm. Ready position. Feed. Receive. Cooperate. Forehand. Shuttlecock.

#### **Curriculum links**

Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.

# LKS2

to the net.

# Racket. Low. High. Balance. Ball control. Score. Position. Movement. Aim. Accuracy. Roll. Send. Throw. Bounce. Catch. Underarm. Ready position. Feed. Receive. Cooperate. Partner. Power. Swing. Forehand. Backhand. Volley. Shuttlecock.

### Curriculum links

Vocabulary

Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination.

Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

# Vocabulary

Rally. Racket. Court target. Power. Accuracy. Free Space. Control. Swing. Cooperative play. Aim. Movement. Direction. Cooperative. Strategy. Volley. Forehand. Backhand. Drop. Lob. Bounce. Shuttlecock.

UKS2

### **Curriculum links**

Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination.

Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.



# Hit Catch Run- Knowledge Progression Overview

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>	<u>Hands</u>
<ul> <li>Able to hit objects with</li> </ul>	• Develop hitting skills with a	<ul> <li>Adhere to some of the</li> </ul>	Become more proficient in	<ul> <li>Link together a range of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Attempt a small range of</li> </ul>
hand or bat.	variety of bats.	basic rules of cricket of	range of striking and	skills and use in	shots when striking in
Track and retrieve a	<ul> <li>Practice feeding/bowling</li> </ul>	striking and fielding	fielding skills they and	combination.	isolation and in
rolling ball.	skills.	games.	apply in a competitive	Develop more sport	competitive scenarios.
Throw and catch a variety	• Hit and run to score points	Develop a range of skills to	context.	specific skills in isolation.	Become proficient in more  spect specific skills

 Develop sending and receiving skills to benefit fielding as a team.

of balls and objects.

- Head
- Distinguish between the roles of batters and fielders.
- Introduce the concept of simple tactics.
- Spot what/who is best and why in basic terms.

### Heart

• Work well as part of a team and how to help your team.

- Head • Understand how to score point in simple games.
  - Understand simple tactics when batting and fielding.

Work on a variety of ways

different hit, catch, run

Begin to play the role of

wicketkeeper or backstop.

to score runs in the

• Peer asses. Spot good performances by others and explain in simple terms.

#### Heart

in games.

games.

- Attempt to work as a team to field.
- Understand basic individual roles as a member of a team.

- use in isolation.
- Apply some skills in competitive context.
- To use basic skills with more consistency including striking a bowled ball. Head
- Use simple tactics to complete fielding tasks.
- Self-assess. Understand basic strengths and areas for improvement of own performance.

### Heart

 Work cooperatively with others to complete tasks.

- Consolidate existing skills and apply with consistency.
- Strike to ball with intent.
- Use decision making to attempt direction when striking.

### Head

- Choose and apply a range of simple tactics in isolation.
- Use simple tactics in a game context.
- Use decision making to attempt direction when striking.
- Self-assess. Evaluate strengths and areas for improvement, and how to correct them.

### Heart

- · Become more confident in different roles of a team.
- Cooperate well with teams in game situations.

- Become more confident and consistent when striking with intent.
- Develop retrieving and returning the ball.

### Head

- Collaborate with a team to choose, use and adapt rules in games.
- Show more confidence when choosing tactics to apply.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement).

#### Heart

 Recognise how some aspects of fitness apply to striking and fielding (e.g., power, flexibility, and cardiovascular endurance).

- sport specific skills.
- Link and combine a range of skills with fluidity.
- Retrieve and return a ball with consistency aligned with tactics.

### Head

- Apply rules with consistency in a variety of different styles of games.
- Use a range of tactics for attacking and defending in the role of bowler, batter and fielder.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement) and compare similarities and differences between other children.

### Heart

 Show leadership and knowledge to umpire small games.



# Hit Catch Run - Skills Covered

Year 1

Use a range of throwing and rolling skills. Return a ball to a base/zone. Work with others to stop players scoring runs. Self-feed and hit a ball. Run between to bases to score points.

Year 2

Hit with bats (some still hitting with hands). Use kicking to send a ball and score points. Use underarm bowling. Play as part of a team. Run to 'safety'.

Outwit bowler and hot to space. Move in line to stop ball.

Year 3

General – Bowl with some accuracy and consistency. Use the long barrier to collect a rolling ball / collect and return a moving ball.

Cricket – Forward drive into space. Foot placement to hit the ball effectively. Use overarm throw to send ball longer distances. Explore role of wicket keeper.

Rounders – Consistently hot one handed. Use underarm bowling action to bowl a 'good' ball. Selecting best base to throw to get players out. Introduction to the role of the backstop.

Year 4

**General** – Directing hit to score runs. Attempt to stop a bouncing ground ball with some success.

Cricket – Anticipate when to run to score singles. Bowl overarm from a stationary position. Attempt a pull shot in a game. Intercept the ball with one hand.

Rounders – Run at speed to avoid being stumped. Play backstop in small game. Use rounders scoring system. Explain bowling rules. Full and half rounders. Year 5

**General** – Throw for accuracy over short distances. Recognise where to play.

Cricket – Calling for runs with partner. Start to keep wicket. Attempt a bowling with a run up and correct ball grip. Forward defensive shot. Developing knowledge of on and off side as well as specific fielding positions.

Rounders – Body position to catch a ball to stump players out. Apply backwards hit rule, attempt to catch a backward hit. Distinguish between deep and close fielding.

Year 6

General – Demonstrate urgency when acquiring runs/rounders. Track and catch high balls. Work in pairs to field a long ball.

Cricket – Ring field positions, mid on, mid off, mid wicket and cover. Bowling short. On drive.

Attacking fielding roles slip, silly point and short leg.

Rounders – Play using standard rounders pitch layout. Bowling fast ball. Play tactically to avoid overtaking teammates.

# <u>Hit Catch Run – Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links</u>

LKS2

KS1

Throwing. Batting. Feilding. Catching. Wickets. Striking.

Overarm. Feeder. Score. Control. Backstop. Run. Shot.

Long barrier. In line. Tracking. Wicket keeper. Underarm.

### Vocabulary

Throwing. Batting. Feilding. Catching. Wickets. Striking. Long barrier. In line. Tracking. Wicket keeper. Underarm. Overarm. Feeder. Score. Control. Backstop. Run. Shot. Bowl. Aiming. Points/runs. Bases.

### Vocabulary

Fielding. Striking. Teamwork. Bowling. Wicket Keeper. Long Barrier. Wickets. Runs. Batting. Aiming. Overarm. Underarm. Backstop. Bases.

UKS2

### **Curriculum links**

Bowl.

Vocabulary

Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.

Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.

### Curriculum links

Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination.

Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

### **Curriculum links**

Use running, jumping, throwing, and catching in isolation and in combination.

Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.



# **Outdoor Adventurous Activities (OAA) Knowledge Progression Overview**

# Outdoor /taventarous /territies (O/1/1) knownedge i rogression Overview

### Hands

 Move in different directions and a variety of different ways.

Year 1

- Participate in games following rules and playing fairly.
- Begin to plan how to solve problems.
- Participate in competition with others, completing a simple orienteering event.
   Head
- Participate in games following rules and playing fairly.
- Introduction to a compass and directions (N, E, S, W.).
- Spot what/who is best and why in basic terms.

### Heart

- Work independently, as well as cooperatively in small groups.
- Understand how communication can help to solve problems with others

### Hands

 Introduction to map reading. Be able to use some basic features on a map to select and plan a route.

Year 2

- Work well in big groups, sharing, taking turns, and cooperating with others.
- Begin to understand the competitive side of orienteering and take part in an orienteering event.
   Head
- Understand what a compass is used for and be able to use the direction points.
- Has knowledge of safety rules and procedures for taking part in orienteering events.
- Peer asses. Spot good performances by others and explain in simple terms.

### <u>Heart</u>

- Meet challenges effectively working as part of a team.
- Begin to problem solve with others.

### Hands

• Create and discus plans to achieve success.

Year 3

- To make a map with symbols and be able to recognise where you are on a map, using basic techniques.
- Move confidently in different ways, developing agility, balance, and coordination.

### **Head**

- Participate in competitive orienteering events, following instructions of the game.
- Recognise that activities need thinking through and planning.
- Self-assess. Understand basic strengths and areas for improvement of own performance.

### **Heart**

- Participate in team games, working cooperatively, solving problems with others.
- Communicate effectively with other people and discus plans to achieve success.

### Hands

 Develop a basic understanding of map reading/making and apply these skills and techniques in games.

Year 4

- Recognise where you are on a map.
- Demonstrate all the physical skills needed for orienteering: agility, balance, and co-ordination.
   Head
- Have knowledge of safety rules and procedures for taking part in orienteering event.
- Work as a team to plan and decide what approach to use to meet the challenges.
- Self-assess. Evaluate strengths and areas for improvement, and how to correct them.

### **Heart**

 Work cooperatively and successfully as part of a team, improving communication skills.

### Hands

 To orientate themselves and map correctly keeping track of their position with increasing accuracy.

Year 5

- Make a map with symbols and legend and begin to understand scale.
- Compete in orienteering events, problem solving with team members.

### Head

- Understand relevant techniques to navigate to and from control point.
- Develop communication skills and use these skills to achieve success.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement).

### <u>Heart</u>

 Work within a team trusting and valuing each other.

### Hands

 Take part in orienteering events, such as picture orienteering and control orienteering, with success.

Year 6

- Use a map to confidently orientate yourself around -Use previous knowledge to navigate and design a route to the controls.
- Develop map reading and map building skills.
- Develop physical fitness and be able to describe its importance in orienteering.

### <u>Head</u>

- Plan strategies to complete tasks. Choose sensible skills and approaches for the challenge.
- Understand elements and scaling confidently.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement) and compare similarities and differences between other children.

### Heart

• Build confidence during team activities.



# Outdoor Adventurous Activities (OAA) - Skills Covered

# Year 1

Follow simple instructions.
Recognise, remember, and
match some symbols.
Perform physically
challenging actions. Follow a
movement pattern with
others. Take part in
competitive races and work
with a partner. Undertake
simple speed stack
arrangements.

# Year 2

Use equipment in unconventional ways. Build on speed stack skills.
Compose a small group movement pattern.
Participate in blindfold activities. Introduce the principle of map keys and use in a simple way.

# Year 3

Use non-verbal communication effectively. Develop further simple map reading skill. Respond to and resolve problems as a team. Participate in trust activities. Plan on route map.

# Year 4

Recognise compass points. Use a compass. Follow a course. Work cooperatively with a partner to follow a map and solve problems. Recognise a range of standard map symbols. Evaluate their own success.

# Year 5

Use memory and recall skills. Work at maximum physical capacity e.g., when running. Use control cards. Perform under pressure. Perform safely and with control.

# Year 6

Follow and orient a map. Identify objects in a scavenger hunt. Perform complex group pyramid balances. Tie a reef knot. Design your own game using, refining, and adapting group ideas.

# Outdoor Adventurous Activities (OAA) - Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links

KS1	LKS2	UKS2
Vocabulary Teamwork. Map. Route. Compass. Directions. Safety. Problem solving. Challenge.	Vocabulary Teamwork. Map Skills. Indoor mapping. Picture Orienteering. Control Plotting. Communication. Problem Solving.	Vocabulary Teamwork. Map Skills. Indoor mapping. Picture Orienteering. Control Plotting. Communication. Problem Solving.
Curriculum links  Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities. Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.	Curriculum links Take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team.	Curriculum links Take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team.



# **Gymnastics – Knowledge Progression Overview**

# Year 1

# Year 2

# Year 4 Year 5

### Year 6

### <u>Hands</u>

- Perform basic gymnastic actions, including travelling, rolling, jumping, and staying still.
- Develop fundamental movement skills, becoming increasingly confident and competent, moving safely using changes of speed, level, and direction.
- Combine different ways of travelling exploring a range of movements and shapes.
- Develop agility, balance, and coordination,
- Perform movement phrases using a range of different body actions and body parts.

#### Head

- Create linked movement phrases with beginning, middle and ends.
- Describe what skills themselves or others have done.

### **Heart**

- Cooperate well with others.
- · Collaborate in pairs

### <u>Hands</u>

- Perform a range of actions with control and confidence.
- Explore, remember, and repeat a range of gymnastic actions with control, precision, and coordination.
- Form simple sequences of different actions, using the floor and a variety of apparatus.
- Develop fundamental movement skills, combining travelling, balancing and stiffness using both floor and apparatus; and moving smoothly from one position of stiffness to another.
- Continue to develop agility, balance, and coordination.

### Head

- Memorise and recall gymnastic actions.
- Peer asses. Spot good performances by others and explain in simple terms.

### Heart

• Describe and understand in simple terms changes in heart rate.

### <u>Hands</u>

 Perform a range of actions, agilities and skills with consistency, fluency, and clarity of movement.

Year 3

- Experiment with a wide range of actions, varying and combining spatial patterns, speed, tension, and continuity when working with a partner and in a group.
- Create, perform, and repeat sequences that include changes of dynamic e.g. changes of level, speed, or direction.
- Develop flexibility, strength, control, technique, and balance.

### <u>Head</u>

- Create gymnastic sequences that meet a theme or set of conditions, showing a clear, beginning, middle and end.
- Self-assess. Understand basic strengths and areas for improvement of own performance.

### <u>Heart</u>

 Describe what effect exercise has on the body in simple terms.

### Hands

- Find different ways of using a shape, balance, or travel, and link them to make actions and sequences of movement.
- Show control, accuracy and fluency of movement when performing actions on your own and with a partner.
- Devise and perform a gymnastic sequence, showing a clear beginning, middle and end.
- Create, perform, and repeat a combination of actions that include changes of dynamic e.g. changes of level, speed and direction, and clarity of shape.

### Head

- Devise and perform a gymnastic sequence, showing a clear beginning, middle and end.
- Self-assess. Evaluate strengths and areas for improvement, and how to correct them.

### <u>Heart</u>

- Collaborate with others.
- Share and create with a partner.

### Hands

- Perform movements accurately with a sense of rhythm.
- Explore, improvise, and combine movement ideas fluently and effectively.
- Make up longer sequences and perform them with fluency and clarity of movement, choosing skills that meet the needs of the situation.
- Develop flexibility, strength, control, technique, and balance.
   Head
- Develop your own gymnastic sequences by understanding, choosing, and applying a range of compositional principles.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement).

### Heart

- Rehears with a group or partner.
- Listen to others to improve own performance.

### Hands

- Explore, improvise, and combine movement ideas fluently and effectively.
   Use skills in different ways, performing confidently, with clarity and a sense of rhythm.
- Combine and perform gymnastic actions, shapes, and balances more fluently and effectively.
- Use combinations of dynamics using the space effectively.

### Head

- Develop your own gymnastic sequences by understanding, choosing, and applying a range of compositional principles; varying direction, level, and pathways to improve the look of a sequence.
- Create short warm up routines that follow important principles.
- Use peer assessment to help others improve (strengths and areas for improvement) and compare similarities and differences between other children.

### **Heart**

• Create, lead and be part of warm up routines.



# **Gymnastics – Skills Covered**

Vaar	9
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Carry equipment safely.
Hurdle step take off.
Perform egg roll and log roll.
Explore body tension.
Linking movements. Rock,
spin, turn. Move on, off,
over. Point balances h,y,
front/back support

# Year 2

Use start & finish shapes. Power in jumping. Levels and speed. Rhythm in performing. Body management in a range of actions. Arabesque, bridge.

# Year 3

Contrasting shapes, body control when rolling.
Partner unison. Patterns.
Fluency in movement. Half lever. Bouncing. Smooth transitions and extension.

# Year 4

Cartwheel progressions. Using STEP. Judging. Changes in speed. Shoulder roll. Shoulder stand. Showing flow.

# Year 5

Symmetry & asymmetry. Perform counterbalances. Round off progressions. Linking cartwheels & roundoffs. Performing pathways.

# Year 6

Prepare for vaulting.
Dismounting from height.
Flight in unison & cannon.
Use music. Create group
patterns. Entrance and
relationships to one
another. Use stimuli such as
ribbons and hoops. Devising
warm-ups.

# **Gymnastics – Key Vocabulary and Curriculum links**

KS1	LKS2	UKS2
Vocabulary Key shapes. Teamwork. Smart. Neat. Performance. Movement. Express. Balance.	Vocabulary Gymnastic mats. Marker spots. Cones. Benches. Hoops. Tables. Beanbags. Finish. Timing.	Vocabulary Pace. Jumping. Throwing. Coordination. Measurements. Timing. Movement. Technique.
Roll. Straight. Tense	Coordination.	Vault. Power. Balance. Landing. Finish.
Curriculum links  Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing, and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities. Perform dances using simple movement patterns.	Curriculum links Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control, and balance. Perform dances using a range of movement patterns.	Curriculum links Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control, and balance. Perform dances using a range of movement patterns.



### **Assessment in PE**

### To teach high quality PE and have the desired impact on the pupils:

- Teachers select the most appropriate assessment approaches to give all pupils opportunities to show what they know, can do and understand.
- Formative assessment is ongoing and provides information that teachers use to inform subsequent teaching.
- Assessment approaches should identify the component knowledge pupils have acquired and have not yet acquired.
- Pupils have a comprehensive understanding of what it is to know more and do more in PE. This is not narrowed to only value performance in specific sports or physical activities.
- The inferences made from assessment data collected are carefully considered alongside other forms of assessment data to provide an accurate picture of what each pupil can do and what they need to do to improve.
- Pupils are explicitly taught how to self- and peer-assess, using clear and precise success criteria to give accurate and meaningful interpretations.
- Teachers using technology to support assessment carefully weigh up the strengths and limitations and the role it plays in providing accurate assessment information that directly relates to improving competence in PE.

We also track progress of every pupil using our online system in the PE folder in the resource drive.